

# Awakening Leviathan

The Effect of Democracy on State Capacity, 1960-2009

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# Democracy, state capacity, and development

- State's ability to implement public policies (Skocpol, 1985; Mann 1984; Sikkink, 1991; Slater, 2010; Rogers & Wellers, 2014)
- The dichotomous approach: state capacity and democracy as separate domains (Levi, 2006; Hanson, forthcoming)
  - Good governments are ... (1) representative and accountable... and (2) effective... (Levi, 2006, 5).
- The sequentialist approach: state capacity should and does come before democracy (Fukuyama 2014; Linz & Stepan, 1996; Andersen et al., 2014)
- Largely agreed on the importance of state capacity

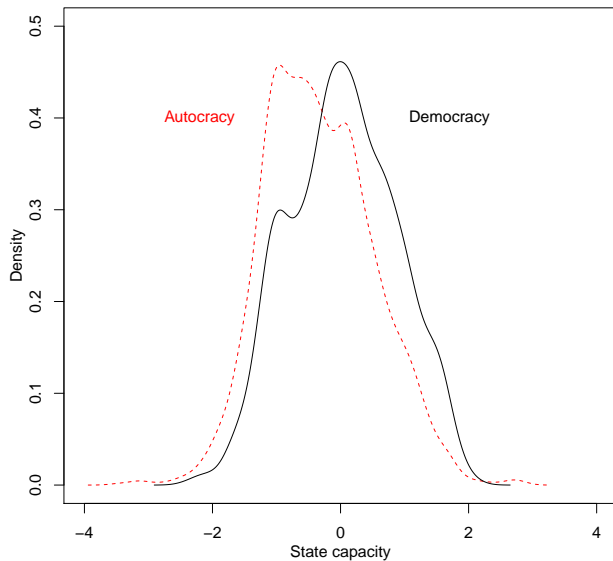
- Huntington: “The most important political distinction among countries concerns not their form of government but their degree of government” (1968, p. 1)
- Linz & Stepan: “No state, no democracy” (1996, p. 13)
- Fukuyama: “Stateness first” (2004)

# State-building **over** democratization

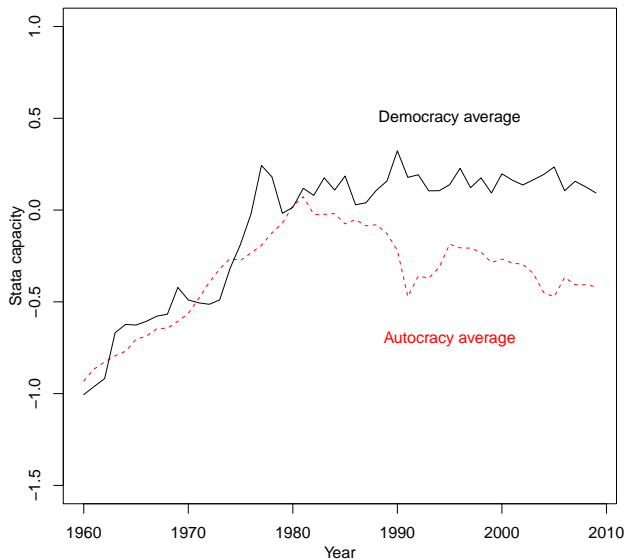
- Problem with the dichotomous approach: state capacity endogenous to democracy
- Problem with the sequentialist approach: democracy may enhance state capacity

Does democratization lead to an **increase** in state capacity?

# Research question



# Research question



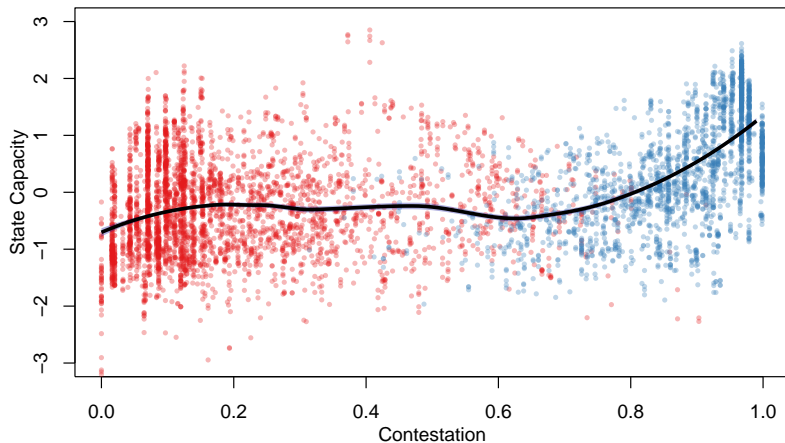
# Why? Proposed mechanisms

- Integrity (Chowdhury, 2004)
- Legitimacy (Bratton & Chang, 2006)
- Stability

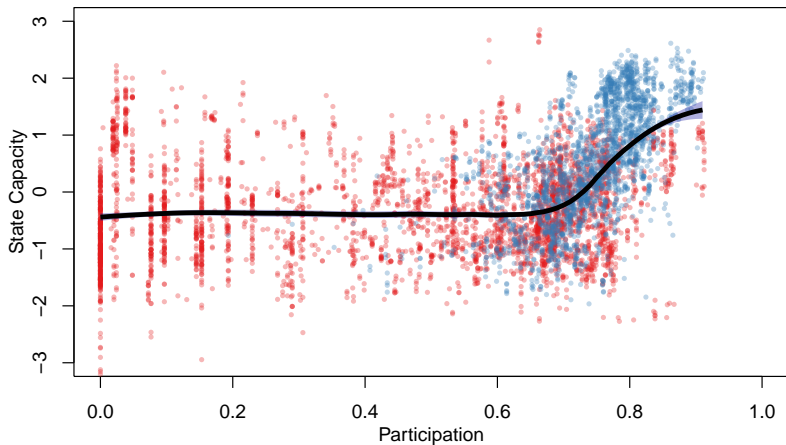


- Contestation (Moe, 1990; Geddes, 1994; Grzymala-Busse, 2007)
  - Anticipation: anticipating exit from power, the incumbent coalition establish formal state institutions that would constrain both themselves *and their successors*.
  - Moderation: opposition capable of moderating incumbent's behavior
  - Examples: South Korea, Lithuania, Spain, etc.
  
- Participation

# Mechanisms: contestation strengthens the state



# Mechanisms: contestation strengthens the state



- 1 Motivation
- 2 Data and Empirical Strategies
  - Data
  - Estimation Strategies
- 3 Results
  - Baseline Results
  - IV Estimations and Robustness Checks
  - Mechanisms
- 4 Concluding thoughts

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# Measuring state capacity: integrating the three dimensions

- Administrative capacity (e.g. ICRG bureaucratic quality index)
- Extractive capacity (e.g. tax/GDP, income tax/GDP)
- Coercive capacity (e.g. Military personnel per capita)

- Wide spatial and temporal coverage
- A latent variable
- No conflation with other variables, especially democracy

# Introducing Hanson & Sigman (2013)

- A latent variable analysis using Bayesian Markov Chain Monte-carlo method
- 24 existing “safe” indicators mapped onto the three dimensions
- Impressive data coverage (163 countries for 1960-2009)



- Binary measure: Boix, Miller & Rosato (2013)
- Continuous measure: Polity IV
- Democratization defined as “any process in which countries become democracies or not” (Coppedge, 2012).

# Descriptive statistics

Variable	Obs.	Mean	Median	SD	Min.	Max.
State capacity	5,722	-0.25	-0.29	0.86	-3.51	2.86
Democracy	5,722	0.24	0.00	0.43	0.0	1.0
Polity>6	5,722	0.23	0.00	0.42	0.0	1.0
Polity Score/10	5,722	-0.21	-0.50	0.66	-1.00	1.00
Log population	5,619	8.95	9.01	1.45	4.81	14.07
ELF	5,144	0.45	0.48	0.31	0.00	1.00
Log per capita GDP	5,297	7.68	7.66	0.95	5.33	10.67
Urban population	5,630	0.22	0.18	0.18	0.00	1.00
Agricultural share	5,307	0.24	0.20	0.17	0.00	0.94
Minerals	5,250	0.08	0.02	0.14	0.00	0.95
Resources/income	5,529	-2.62	-3.08	1.97	-4.61	4.40
Civil war	5,722	0.08	0.00	0.28	0.00	1.00
Log foreign aid	5,315	2.40	2.50	1.53	0.00	6.69
literacy	5,595	0.60	0.65	0.29	0.00	1.00
Exports/GDP	5,307	0.31	0.25	0.24	0.00	2.33
Trade/GDP	5,153	0.70	0.59	0.48	0.02	4.57
Tax/GDP	5,053	0.16	0.15	0.09	0.01	0.74
Log military personnel	5,618	3.59	3.58	1.66	0.00	8.47

## 1 Motivation

## 2 Data and Empirical Strategies

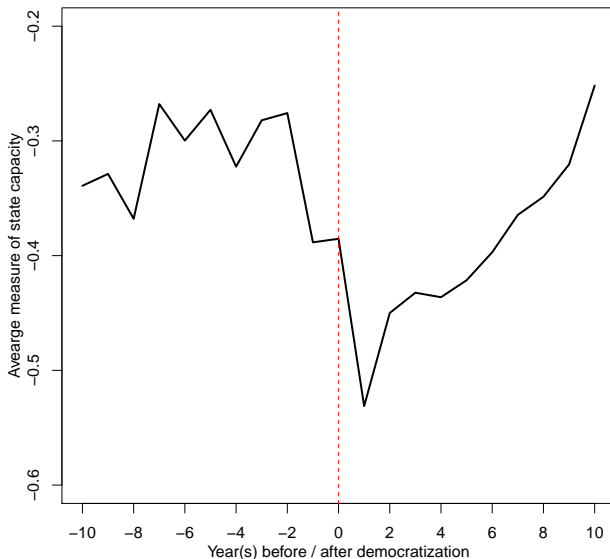
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## 3 Results

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# Estimation strategies: challenges



- Sufficient number of year lags in the two-way fixed-effect framework (Acemoglu et al., 2014)

$$Capacity_{it} = \beta D_{i,t-1} + \sum_{j=1}^p \delta_j Capacity_{i,t-j} + X'_{i,t-1} \theta + \alpha_i + \delta_t + \epsilon_{it},$$

- Calculating the cumulative effect:

$$CE = \frac{\hat{\beta}}{1 - \sum_{j=1}^p \hat{\delta}_j}$$

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# Baseline results

<i>Dependent variable</i>	State Capacity ( <i>t</i> )				
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Democracy ( <i>t-1</i> )	0.099* (0.051)	0.026** (0.012)	0.024** (0.010)	0.021** (0.010)	0.022** (0.009)
State Capacity ( <i>t-1</i> )		0.839*** (0.021)	0.779*** (0.029)	0.785*** (0.032)	0.791*** (0.033)
State Capacity ( <i>t-2</i> )			0.113*** (0.026)	0.106*** (0.028)	0.087*** (0.030)
State Capacity ( <i>t-3</i> )				0.004 (0.016)	0.000 (0.019)
State Capacity ( <i>t-4</i> )					0.016 (0.017)
Cumulative effect	0.099	0.161	0.222	0.200	0.208
State and year FEs	x	x	x	x	x
Observations	7,012	7,012	6,838	6,664	6,490
Number of countries	174	174	174	174	172
R-squared	0.857	0.960	0.966	0.967	0.968

**Note:** Robust standard error clustered at the state level are in the parentheses. State and year fixed effects are controlled for in all the regressions. \*\*\*  $p < 0.01$ , \*\*  $p < 0.05$ , \*  $p < 0.1$



# Including controls

	<i>Dependent variable: State Capacity (t)</i>						
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Democracy ( <i>t-1</i> )	0.022** (0.009)	0.026** (0.011)	0.023** (0.011)	0.027*** (0.010)	0.025** (0.010)	0.023** (0.009)	0.023* (0.011)
Log population ( <i>t-1</i> )		-0.004 (0.004)					0.092*** (0.020)
ELF ( <i>t-1</i> )		-0.079 (0.055)					0.008 (0.075)
Log per capita GDP ( <i>t-1</i> )			0.096*** (0.018)				-0.056 (0.059)
Agricultural share ( <i>t-1</i> )			0.000 (0.075)				-0.046 (0.036)
Literacy rate ( <i>t-1</i> )			-0.110** (0.044)				-0.102*** (0.035)
Minerals ( <i>t-1</i> )				-0.131 (0.105)			-0.261** (0.102)
Resources/income ( <i>t-1</i> )				0.018** (0.008)			0.017*** (0.006)
Log foreign aid ( <i>t-1</i> )					0.000 (0.003)		0.005 (0.004)
Tax/GDP ( <i>t-1</i> )					0.132*** (0.030)		0.105*** (0.030)
Civil war ( <i>t</i> )						-0.023 (0.014)	-0.025* (0.015)
Territorial threat ( <i>t</i> )						0.022 (0.021)	0.015 (0.018)
Cumulative effect	0.208	0.239	0.148	0.235	0.219	0.219	0.135
Four lags of state capacity	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
State and year FEs	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Observations	6,490	5,487	5,444	5,708	6,071	6,490	4,955
Number of countries	172	154	149	159	156	172	141
R-squared	0.968	0.970	0.971	0.969	0.970	0.968	0.973

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- The specter of reverse causation could still haunt us...
- Unobserved time-varying confounders might still exist despite a large set of controls
- Solution: “**Diffusion** is no illusion” (Brinks & Coppedge, 2006)!

# An instrumental variable (IV) design

- Following the footsteps of Stasavage (2005), Miller (2014), Albertus & Menaldo (2014), and Acemoglu et al. (2014)
- Using regional democratic diffusion to instrument for democracy

# IV Results

<i>Dependent variables</i>	Democracy ( $t-1$ )		State capacity ( $t$ )	
	[1st stage] (1)	[2nd stage] (2)	[1st stage] (3)	[2nd stage] (4)
Democracy ( $t-1$ )		0.105** (0.047)		0.133** (0.056)
Democratic wave ( $t-2$ )	0.630*** (0.099)		0.654*** (0.110)	
Democratic wave ( $t-3$ )	0.073 (0.136)		0.144 (0.152)	
Democratic wave ( $t-4$ )	0.058 (0.099)		-0.084 (0.111)	
Log population ( $t-1$ )			-0.011 (0.038)	-0.038 (0.039)
ELF ( $t-1$ )			0.266*** (0.058)	-0.132*** (0.045)
Log per capita GDP ( $t-1$ )			0.081 (0.070)	-0.047 (0.056)
Agricultural share ( $t-1$ )			-0.037 (0.022)	0.098*** (0.022)
Literacy rate ( $t-1$ )			-0.633*** (0.082)	0.079 (0.097)
Minerals ( $t-1$ )			-0.357*** (0.084)	-0.224** (0.107)
Resources/income ( $t-1$ )			0.008 (0.008)	0.017*** (0.006)
Log foreign aid ( $t-1$ )			0.046*** (0.006)	-0.001 (0.006)
Export/GDP ( $t-1$ )			0.120** (0.047)	0.086*** (0.032)
Civil war ( $t$ )			0.050*** (0.016)	-0.030* (0.016)
			0.026 (0.029)	0.009 (0.018)
Four lags of state capacity	x	x	x	x
State and year FEs	x	x	x	x

- Measure of democratic institutions
- Spill-over of state-building
- Initial conditions

# Robustness checks

<i>Dependent variable</i>	State Capacity ( <i>t</i> )			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Polity>6 ( <i>t-1</i> )	0.021** (0.009)	0.027** (0.011)		
Polity Score/10 ( <i>t-1</i> )			0.022*** (0.007)	0.026*** (0.008)
Log population ( <i>t-1</i> )		-0.045 (0.036)		-0.042 (0.036)
ELF ( <i>t-1</i> )		-0.100*** (0.033)		-0.108*** (0.033)
Log per capita GDP ( <i>t-1</i> )		-0.055 (0.059)		-0.062 (0.058)
Agricultural share ( <i>t-1</i> )		0.093*** (0.020)		0.094*** (0.019)
Literacy rate ( <i>t-1</i> )		0.007 (0.076)		0.009 (0.077)
Minerals ( <i>t-1</i> )		-0.257** (0.104)		-0.255** (0.099)
Resources/income ( <i>t-1</i> )		0.017*** (0.006)		0.017*** (0.005)
Log foreign aid ( <i>t-1</i> )		0.005 (0.004)		0.004 (0.004)
Tax/GDP ( <i>t-1</i> )		0.102*** (0.030)		0.101*** (0.030)
Civil war ( <i>t-1</i> )		-0.025* (0.014)		-0.027* (0.014)
		0.014 (0.018)		0.014 (0.018)
Four lags of state capacity	x	x	x	x
State and year FEs	x	x	x	x
Observations	6,490	4,955	6,490	4,955

# Robustness checks

<i>Dependent variable</i>	<i>State Capacity (t)</i>		
	(1)	(2)	(3)
Democracy ( <i>t-1</i> )	0.022** (0.009)	0.027*** (0.010)	0.024** (0.012)
Regional Capacity ( <i>t-1</i> )		0.109** (0.043)	0.060 (0.042)
Regional Capacity ( <i>t-2</i> )		-0.058 (0.049)	-0.021 (0.049)
Regional Capacity ( <i>t-3</i> )		0.021 (0.042)	0.012 (0.046)
Regional Capacity ( <i>t-4</i> )		-0.020 (0.030)	-0.032 (0.034)
Cumulative effect	0.239	0.185	0.405
Four lags of state capacity	x	x	x
State and year FEs	x	x	x
Controls			x
Observations	6,490	6,490	4,955
Number of countries	172	172	141
R-squared	0.968	0.968	0.973

**Note:** Robust standard error clustered at the state level are in the parentheses. Four lags of state capacity, as well as state and year fixed effects, are controlled for in all the regressions. \*\*\*  $p < 0.01$



# Robustness checks

	<i>Dependent variable: State Capacity (t)</i>					
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Democracy ( $t-1$ )	0.022** (0.009)	0.024** (0.009)	0.028*** (0.009)	0.024** (0.009)	0.024*** (0.009)	0.023* (0.012)
Cumulative effect	0.208	0.250	0.283	0.235	0.255	0.141
Initial state capacity * i.year		x			x	x
Initial democratic history * i.year			x		x	x
Initial state history * i.year				x	x	x
Four lags of state capacity	x	x	x	x	x	x
State and year FEs	x	x	x	x	x	x
Controls						x
Observations	5,178	5,178	5,127	4,804	4,804	4,269
Number of countries	136	136	133	121	121	108
R-squared	0.952	0.953	0.953	0.953	0.954	0.955

**Note:** Robust standard error clustered at the state level are in the parentheses. Four lags of state capacity, as well as state and year fixed effects, are controlled for in all the regressions. \*\*\*  $p < 0.01$ , \*\*  $p < 0.05$ , \*  $p < 0.1$ . Control variables include log population, ELF, log per capita GDP, share of urban population, share of agriculture in economy, minerals, the ratio of resources to income, civil war, log foreign aid. All controls are lagged for one year.

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- **Mechanisms**

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# Mechanisms

<i>Dependent variable</i>	State Capacity ( $t$ )					
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Democracy ( $t-1$ )	0.027** (0.011)		0.003 (0.020)		0.020 (0.014)	0.004 (0.020)
Contestation ( $t-1$ )		0.042*** (0.015)	0.038 (0.027)			0.038 (0.032)
Participation ( $t-1$ )				0.027 (0.018)	0.015 (0.022)	0.010 (0.024)
Controls	x	x	x	x	x	x
State and year FEs	x	x	x	x	x	x
Four lags of state capacity	x	x	x	x	x	x
Observations	4,060	3,835	3,835	3,837	3,837	3,828
Number of countries	141	141	141	141	141	141
R-squared	0.955	0.953	0.953	0.953	0.953	0.953

**Note:** Robust standard error clustered at the state level are in the parentheses. Four lags of state capacity, a full set of control variables, as well as state and year fixed effects, are

# Modes of democratization (Miller, 2014)

<i>Dependent variable</i>	State Capacity ( <i>t</i> )					
	Coup-led Democratization		Transition from Electoral Authoritarianism		Other Modes of Transitions	
<i>Mode of transition</i>	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Democracy ( <i>t-1</i> )	0.054*** (0.011)	0.047*** (0.015)	0.013 (0.017)	-0.006 (0.024)	0.012 (0.014)	0.014 (0.016)
Log population ( <i>t-1</i> )		-0.057* (0.033)		-0.063** (0.032)		-0.059* (0.033)
ELF ( <i>t-1</i> )		-0.110** (0.043)		-0.097** (0.048)		-0.100** (0.047)
Log per capita GDP ( <i>t-1</i> )		0.096*** (0.018)		0.095*** (0.018)		0.096*** (0.019)
Urban population ( <i>t-1</i> )		-0.083 (0.077)		-0.078 (0.079)		-0.078 (0.079)
Agricultural share ( <i>t-1</i> )		-0.021 (0.069)		-0.037 (0.070)		-0.035 (0.071)
Minerals ( <i>t-1</i> )		-0.253*** (0.087)		-0.260*** (0.086)		-0.259*** (0.086)
Resources/income ( <i>t-1</i> )		0.010 (0.008)		0.011 (0.008)		0.011 (0.008)
Civil war ( <i>t-1</i> )		0.002 (0.015)		0.003 (0.015)		0.003 (0.015)
Log foreign aid ( <i>t-1</i> )		0.010* (0.005)		0.010* (0.005)		0.009* (0.005)
Independent variable mean	0.091	0.108	0.028	0.030	0.126	0.133
Cumulative effect	0.478	0.285	0.119	-0.037	0.109	0.086
State and year FEs	x	x	x	x	x	x
Four lags of state capacity	x	x	x	x	x	x
Observations	5,178	4,304	5,178	4,304	5,178	4,304
Number of countries	136	109	136	109	136	109
R-squared	0.952	0.955	0.952	0.955	0.952	0.955

**Note:** Robust standard error clustered at the state level are in the parentheses. Four lags of

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# Limitation and implications

- Measurement
- Restoring the democratic advantage?

Thank you!

# Robustness Check: RPE

<i>Dependent variable</i>	State Capacity ( <i>t</i> )					
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Democracy ( <i>t-1</i> )	0.099** (0.043)	0.033** (0.013)	0.027** (0.012)	0.024** (0.012)	0.022* (0.012)	0.025* (0.013)
State Capacity ( <i>t-1</i> )		0.773*** (0.016)	0.724*** (0.027)	0.721*** (0.028)	0.716*** (0.029)	0.721*** (0.034)
State Capacity ( <i>t-2</i> )			0.062** (0.024)	0.041 (0.035)	0.044 (0.035)	0.048 (0.042)
State Capacity ( <i>t-3</i> )				0.032 (0.025)	0.008 (0.026)	-0.008 (0.029)
State Capacity ( <i>t-4</i> )					0.030** (0.015)	0.027 (0.018)
Cumulative effect	0.099	0.145	0.126	0.117	0.109	0.118
State and year FEs	x	x	x	x	x	x
Controls						x
Observations	6,152	6,135	5,981	5,827	5,673	4,670
Number of countries	174	174	174	174	172	172
R-squared	0.583	0.843	0.846	0.848	0.849	0.847

**Note:** Robust standard error clustered at the state level are in the parentheses. State and year fixed effects are controlled for in all the regressions. \*\*\*  $p < 0.01$ , \*\*  $p < 0.05$ , \*  $p < 0.1$



# Robustness Check: Mechanism using RPE

<i>Dependent variable</i>	RPE Agriculture ( <i>t</i> )					
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Democracy ( <i>t-1</i> )	0.025*		-0.010		0.012	-0.008
	(0.013)		(0.016)		(0.013)	(0.016)
Contestation ( <i>t-1</i> )		0.047**	0.059**			0.044
		(0.020)	(0.027)			(0.033)
Participation ( <i>t-1</i> )				0.045	0.038	0.024
				(0.028)	(0.030)	(0.034)
Controls	x	x	x	x	x	x
State and year FEs	x	x	x	x	x	x
Four lags of state capacity	x	x	x	x	x	x
Observations	4,670	4,526	4,526	4,527	4,527	4,519
Number of countries	106	106	106	106	106	106
R-squared	0.847	0.846	0.846	0.846	0.846	0.846

**Note:** Robust standard error clustered at the state level are in the parentheses. Four lags of state capacity, a full set of control variables, as well as state and year fixed effects, are controlled for in all the regressions. \*\*\*  $p < 0.01$ , \*\*  $p < 0.05$ , \*  $p < 0.1$ .

# Robustness Check: GMM

<i>Dependent variable</i>	State Capacity ( <i>t</i> )			
	<i>Panel A: "Second Stage"</i>			
	<i>GMM</i> (1)	<i>GMM</i> (2)	<i>GMM</i> (3)	<i>GMM</i> (4)
Democracy ( <i>t-1</i> )	0.090** (0.041)	0.090** (0.041)	0.089*** (0.025)	0.084*** (0.024)
State Capacity ( <i>t-1</i> )	0.832*** (0.083)	0.832*** (0.083)	0.829*** (0.082)	0.837*** (0.085)
State Capacity ( <i>t-2</i> )	0.092 (0.079)	0.092 (0.079)	0.099 (0.077)	0.094 (0.079)
State Capacity ( <i>t-3</i> )	0.067 (0.044)	0.067 (0.044)	0.063 (0.043)	0.066 (0.042)
State Capacity ( <i>t-4</i> )	-0.025 (0.030)	-0.025 (0.030)	-0.025 (0.029)	-0.026 (0.029)
			Capacity Lag 5-8;	Capacity Lag 5-8;
Instruments	Lag Capacity 5-7	Lag Capacity 5-8	Wave Lag 2-4	Wave Lag 2-4
State and year FEs	x	x	x	x
Observations	6,490	6,490	6,490	6,318
Number of countries	172	172	172	172

*Panel B: "First Stage"*